

Year 5 Spelling Term 3

<u>Group</u>	<u>Week One</u>	<u>Week Two</u>	<u>Week Three</u>	<u>Week Four</u>	<u>Week Five</u>	<u>Week Six</u>
Spelling pattern and any rules	<p>Dge or ge phoneme at the ends of words (S14)</p> <p>The letter j is never used for the 'dge' sound at the ends of English words; dge is usually used after short vowels.</p>	<p>Suffixes sub- and tele- (S41)</p> <p>Sub- means under Tele – relates to distance</p>	<p>Words ending in –ly (S43)</p> <p>The suffix –ly begins with a consonant, so usually it is added straight onto a root word</p> <p>Exception: If the root ends with –ic, then add –ally rather than just –ly (except in the word publicly)</p>	<p>Words with the k sound spelt ch (S48)</p> <p>Words with the sh sound spelt ch (S49)</p>	<p>Words ending –ably and –ibly (S56)</p> <p><b>-able</b> and <b>-ably</b> endings are far more common than <b>-ible/-ibly</b>.</p> <p><b>-ible</b> is common if a complete root cannot be heard <b>Exception:</b> sensible</p> <p>When adding <b>–able</b> to a word ending with <b>–ce</b> or <b>–ge</b>, keep the <b>e</b>.</p> <p><b>-able</b> is common if a complete root <i>can</i> be heard before it, e.g. depend dependable</p> <p><i>(Not in POS) Some words can be spelt two ways, e.g. loveable, lovable</i></p>	Homophones (S61)
Example words	<p>badge</p> <p>edge</p> <p>bridge</p>	<p>submarine</p> <p>subheading</p> <p>submerge</p>	<p>basically</p> <p>frantically</p> <p>dramatically</p>	<p>chemist</p> <p>stomach</p> <p>chorus</p>	<p>agreeably</p> <p>considerably</p> <p>enviably</p>	<p>steel/steal</p> <p>alter/altar</p> <p>led/lead</p>

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	change language average privilege	subdivide telephone telescope telegraph television	incredibly sensibly reliably respectably agreeably enviably	scheme echo character  chef brochure machinery machine	incredibly possibly reliably respectably sensibly	assent/ascent bridal/bridle
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